Residential Subdivision The Gardens - Stage 7 Site Classification

Medowie Road, Medowie

NEW19P-0143B-AA 30 July 2021



30 July 2021

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd Suite 2, Ground Floor, 317 Hunter Street NEWCASTLE NSW 2300

Attention: Mr Harry Thomson

Dear Sir,

RE: RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION – THE GARDENS – STAGE 7
Nos. 688 TO 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE
SITE CLASSIFICATION (LOTS 701 TO 721)

Please find enclosed our geotechnical report for Stage 7 of "The Gardens" residential subdivision, located at Nos. 688 to 730 Medowie Road, Medowie.

The report provides site classification with respect to reactive soils, in accordance with the requirements of AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings', for Stage 7 (Lots 701 to 721), following completion of site regrade works.

If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact Ben Edwards, Shannon Kelly, or the undersigned.

For and on behalf of Qualtest Laboratory (NSW) Pty Ltd

Jason Lee

Principal Geotechnical Engineer

Table of Contents:

1.0		Introduction	1
2.0		Desktop Study	1
3.0		Field Work	1
4.0		Site Description	2
	4.1	Site Regrade Works	2
	4.2	Surface Conditions	2
	4.3	Subsurface Conditions	4
5.0		Laboratory Testing	8
6.0		Site Classification to AS2870-2011	9
7.0		Limitations	11

Attachments:

Figure AA1: Site Plan and Approximate Test Locations

Appendix A: Engineering Logs of Boreholes

Appendix B: Results of Laboratory Testing

Appendix C: CSIRO Sheet BTF 18 - Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance

1.0 Introduction

Qualtest Laboratory NSW Pty Ltd (Qualtest) is pleased to present this geotechnical report on behalf of McCloy Development Management Pty Ltd (McCloy), for Stage 7 of 'The Gardens' residential subdivision, located at Nos. 688 to 730 Medowie Road, Medowie.

Based on the brief and drawing provided by the client, Stage 7 is understood to include 21 residential allotments (Lots 701 to 721).

The scope of work for the geotechnical investigation included providing site classification with respect to reactive soils, in accordance with the requirements of AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings', for Stage 7 following completion of site regrade works which included controlled filling of Lots 701 to 706.

This report presents the results of the field work investigations and laboratory testing, and provides recommendations for the scope outlined above.

2.0 Desktop Study

The scope of work has included a review of the following reports completed by Qualtest:

- Geotechnical Assessment, 'Proposed Residential Subdivision, Medowie Gardens, 688 to 730 Medowie Road, Medowie, (Report Reference: NEW19P-00143-AA, dated 27 November 2019);
- Site Classification, 'Residential Subdivision, The Gardens Stage 2', (Report Reference: NEW19P-00143A-AA, dated 4 December 2020); and,
- Level 1 Site Re-grade Assessment Report, 'The Gardens Subdivision Stage 7, Medowie Road, Medowie', (Qualtest Report Reference: NEW21P-0009-AA, dated 12 July 2021).

This report includes a summary of selected results from the previous reports where applicable.

3.0 Field Work

Field work investigations were carried out on 18 June and 7 July 2021, comprising of:

- Excavation of 23 boreholes (BH701 to BH723) using a 2.7 tonne excavator with a 300mm diameter auger, to depths of 2.00m;
- Undisturbed samples (U50 tubes) were taken for subsequent laboratory testing; and,
- Boreholes were backfilled with the excavation spoil and compacted using the excavator auger and tracks.

Investigations were carried out by an experienced Geotechnical Engineer from Qualtest who located the boreholes, carried out the testing and sampling, produced field logs of the boreholes, and made observations of the site surface conditions.

Approximate borehole locations are shown on the attached Figure AA1.

Engineering logs of the boreholes are presented in Appendix A.

4.0 Site Description

4.1 Site Regrade Works

Site re-grading works were conducted between 9 February 2021 to 29 April 2021.

Re-grade works included filling within Lots 701 to 706, along with cut / fill works performed for the foundation of a proposed retaining wall, located along the full length of Lot 701 to 706, along with the construction of permanent Detention Basin adjacent to Medowie Road.

Prior to filling, re-grade areas were stripped of topsoil and unsuitable material to expose the suitable natural foundation profile. Preparation works were then performed, which consisted of tyning, re-conditioning and re-compaction of the stripped surface, prior to filling with approved site fill to design finish levels.

Filling was performed using site stockpiled material won from excavations cut from around the site. The fill material could generally be described as mixtures of residual (CI-CH) Sandy CLAY, medium to high plasticity, brown / red in colour, with fine to coarse grained sand and gravel.

The approximate depth of fill placed ranged in the order of 0.1m to about 2.7m, with the deepest areas within previous temporary detention basin in Lots 703 to 705.

The approximate maximum depth of fill placed over the lots ranged in the order of:

- 1.5m along the front of Lots 701 to 702;
- 2.7m in the centre of Lots 703 to 705:
- 1.5m towards the Southwestern corner of Lot 705 to 706;

The fill was compacted in maximum lifts of 0.3m thickness. Any unsuitable or deleterious material within the fill was removed by hand or mechanical means prior to final compaction of the material.

As the geotechnical testing authority engaged for the project, we state that the filling performed for the re-grade areas within Stage 7 was carried out to Level 1 criteria as defined in Clause 8.2 – Section 8 of AS3798-2007, "Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".

4.2 Surface Conditions

The site is located east of Medowie Road, Medowie. The site comprises Stage 7 of the Medowie Gardens residential subdivision at 688 to 730 Medowie Rd, Medowie. The site comprises 21 proposed residential allotments and associated pavements, covering a total area of approximately 1.60ha. The site of the proposed development is shown on Figure AA1.

Stage 7 is bounded to the east by Medowie Road, and north-east, north and west by existing or future stages of The Gardens subdivision (Stages 2, 8, and 9), and by an existing rural residential lot / drainage reserve to the south.

Natural surface slopes are typically in the order of about 2° to 4° towards the west and northwest. Filling has been carried out within Stage 7 (as summarised in Section 4.1), resulting in gentler surface slopes, generally in the order of 1° to 2° across Lots 701 to 706.

At the time of the investigations, the site had been cleared of trees and grass coverage.

On the day of the investigation, stormwater systems had been installed, and the site was judged to be reasonably well drained.

Site access was from Medowie Road, with trafficability judged to be good by way of 4WD. Photographs of the site taken on the day of the site investigations are shown below.



Photograph 1: From near BH723, facing west.



Photograph 2: From near BH723, facing northwest.



Photograph 3: From near BH703, facing northeast.



Photograph 4: From near BH703, facing east.



Photograph 5: From near BH707, facing east.



Photograph 6: From near BH707, facing southwest.



Photograph 7: From near BH717, facing east.



Photograph 8: From near BH717, facing south.



Photograph 9: From near BH722, facing southeast.



Photograph 10: From near BH722, facing south.



Photograph 11: From near BH712, facing west.



Photograph 12: From near BH712, facing northwest.



Photograph 13: From near BH713, facing northwest.



Photograph 14: From near BH713, facing north.

4.3 Subsurface Conditions

Reference to the 1:100,000 Newcastle Coalfield Regional Geology Sheet 9231 indicates the site to be underlain by the Permian Aged Tomago Coal Measures, which are characterised by Siltstone, Sandstone, Coal, Tuff and Claystone rock types.

Table 1 presents a summary of the typical soil types encountered on site during the field investigations, divided into representative geotechnical units.

Table 2 contains a summary of the distribution of the above geotechnical units at the borehole locations.

TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF GEOTECHNICAL UNITS AND SOIL TYPES

Unit	Soil Type	Description
1A	FILL – TOPSOIL & TREE MULCH	Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, dark grey to grey and grey-brown, fine grained sand, root affected. Gravelly Silty SAND - fine to coarse grained, grey-brown, fines of low plasticity, fine to medium grained angular to subangular gravel. With 0.05m of Mulch encountered in some boreholes.
1B	UNCONTROLLED FILL	Not Encountered in current investigations.
1C	CONTROLLED FILL	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pale orange to orange and red-brown, grey to grey-brown and dark grey, trace fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to medium grained angular to sub-angular gravel. Gravelly Sandy CLAY – medium plasticity, grey-brown, trace white, fine to coarse grained sand, fine to coarse grained angular to sub-angular gravel.
2	TOPSOIL	Gravelly Silty SAND / Silty SAND - fine to coarse grained, grey-brown to dark grey-brown, fines of low plasticity, fine to medium grained angular to sub-angular gravel, root affected. Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, dark grey and dark brown, fine grained sand, root affected.
3	COLLUVIUM	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, grey to brown, trace orange, trace fine grained angular gravel, trace fine to coarse grained sand. Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, dark grey and greybrown, fine grained sand.
4	residual soil	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, orange-brown, red-brown and dark grey to pale grey, trace fine grained angular to sub-angular gravel.
5	EXTREMELY WEATHERED (XW) ROCK with soil properties	Not Encountered in current investigations.

No groundwater was encountered in the boreholes during the limited time that they remained open on the day of the field investigation.

It should be noted that groundwater conditions can vary due to rainfall and other influences including regional groundwater flow, temperature, permeability, recharge areas, surface condition, and subsoil drainage.

TABLE 2 – SUMMARY OF GEOTECHNICAL UNITS ENCOUNTERED AT BOREHOLE LOCATIONS

Location	Unit 1A FILL – TOPSOIL & MULCH	Unit 1B Uncontrolled Fill	Unit 1C Controlled Fill	Unit 2 Topsoil	Unit 3 Colluvium	Unit 4 Residual Soil	Unit 5 XW Rock
	MULCH			Depth in metres			
			Current I	nvestigation			
BH701	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 – 1.50	-	-	1.50 – 2.00	-
BH702	0.00 - 0.25	-	0.25 – 1.30	-	-	1.30 – 2.00	-
BH703	0.00 – 0.25	-	0.25 – 1.50	-	-	1.50 – 2.00	-
BH704	0.00 - 0.25	-	0.25 – 2.00	-	-	-	-
BH705	0.00 - 0.25	-	0.25 – 2.00	-	-	-	-
BH706	0.00 - 0.25	-	0.25 – 1.70	-	-	1.70 – 2.00	-
BH707	0.00 - 0.15	-	0.15 – 0.30	-	-	0.30 – 2.00	=
BH708	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 – 2.00	-
BH709	0.00 - 0.05	-	-	-	-	0.05 – 2.00	-
BH710	0.00 - 0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15 – 2.00	-
BH711	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.30	0.30 – 2.00	-
BH712	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.30	0.30 – 2.00	-
BH713	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.40	0.40 – 2.00	-
BH714	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.30	0.30 – 2.00	-
BH715	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 – 0.45	0.45 – 2.00	-
BH716	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	0.20 - 0.40	0.40 – 2.00	-
BH717	0.00 - 0.20	-	-	-	0.20 - 0.30	0.30 – 2.00	-

Location	Unit 1A FILL – TOPSOIL & MULCH	Unit 1B Uncontrolled Fill	Unit 1C Controlled Fill	Unit 2 Topsoil	Unit 3 Colluvium	Unit 4 Residual Soil	Unit 5 XW Rock
				Depth in metres			
BH718	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 – 2.00	-
BH719	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 - 2.00	-
BH720	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 - 2.00	-
BH721	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 – 2.00	-
BH722	-	-	-	0.00 – 0.25	-	0.25 – 2.00	-
BH723	-	-	0.00 - 0.30	-	-	0.30 – 2.00	-
		Previous Inves	tigation (NEW19P-0	143A-AA, dated 4	December 2020)		
TP205	-	-	0.00 – 1.20	-	-	1.20 – 2.00	-
TP206	-	-	-	0.00 – 0.15	-	0.15 – 2.10	-
TP207	-	0.00 - 0.40	-	-	-	0.40 – 2.10	-
TP208	-	-	-	0.00 – 0.15	-	0.15 – 2.10	-
		Previous Inves	tigation (NEW19P-0)143-AA, dated 27 I	November 2019)		
TP27	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.25	-	0.25 - 2.00	1
TP28	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	0.20 – 0.50	0.50 – 1.55^	=
TP33	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 – 0.20	0.20 – 2.00	-
TP34	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 - 2.00	-
Notes:	^ denotes slow to	o very slow progress	/ close to practice	al refusal of 2.7 tonr	ne excavator		

5.0 Laboratory Testing

Samples collected during the field investigations were returned to our NATA accredited Newcastle Laboratory for testing which comprised of:

- (21 no.) Shrink / Swell tests; and,
- (4 no.) Atterberg Limits tests.

Due to the friable nature of site soils, some samples were unsuitable for Shrink / Swell testing, and Atterberg Limits tests were substituted.

Results of the laboratory testing are included in Appendix B, with a summary of the Shrink/Swell test and Atterberg Limits test results presented in Table 3 and Table 4, respectively.

TABLE 3 – SUMMARY OF SHRINK / SWELL TESTING RESULTS

Location	Depth (m)	Material Description	I _{ss} (%)
BH701	0.40 – 0.55	FILL: (CH) CLAY	1.2
BH702	0.50 – 0.65	FILL: (CH) CLAY	1.6
BH703	1.00 – 1.20	FILL: (CH) CLAY	1.9
BH705	1.00 – 1.15	FILL: (CH) CLAY	1.7
BH706	0.80 - 1.00	FILL: (CH) CLAY	1.5
BH707	1.00 - 1.25	(CH) CLAY	1.7
BH708	0.50 - 0.65	(CH) CLAY	1.7
BH709	1.00 – 1.13	(CH) CLAY	1.4
BH710	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	1.5
BH711	0.10 - 0.30	(CI) CLAY	1.3
BH711	1.00 – 1.15	(CH) CLAY	1.6
BH712	0.50 - 0.65	(CH) CLAY	1.5
BH713	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	1.8
BH714	0.90 – 1.06	(CH) CLAY	0.8
BH715	0.50 - 0.68	(CH) CLAY	0.5
BH716	1.00 – 1.25	(CH) CLAY	2.6
BH717	0.50 - 0.68	(CH) CLAY	1.7
BH718	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	1.8
BH721	1.00 – 1.15	(CH) CLAY	1.8

Location	Depth (m)	Material Description	I _{ss} (%)
BH722	0.50 – 0.65	(CH) CLAY	1.2
BH723	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	1.4
Р	revious Investiga	tion (NEW19P-0143A-AA, dated 4 December 20	020)
BH205	0.30 - 0.50	FILL: (CH) Sandy CLAY	2.2
BH206	0.60 – 0.85	(CH) CLAY	1.8
BH208	1.10 – 1.30	(CH) CLAY	1.9
P	revious Investiga	ition (NEW19P-0143-AA, dated 27 November 20	019)
TP28	0.30 - 0.45	(CL) Sandy CLAY	1.2
TP33	0.70 – 0.90	(CH) CLAY	2.0
TP34	0.30 - 0.50	(CI) Sandy CLAY	1.0

TABLE 4 – SUMMARY OF ATTERBERG LIMITS TESTING RESULTS

Location	Sample Depth (m)	Material Description	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Linear Shrinkage (%)
BH702	1.30 – 1.44	FILL: (CH) CLAY	56	25	31	13.0
BH704	0.50 – 0.64	FILL: (CH) CLAY	39	18	21	9.0
BH719	1.10 – 1.30	(CH) CLAY	58	27	31	13.0
BH720	0.50 – 0.65	(CH) CLAY	53	29	24	13.0

6.0 Site Classification to AS2870-2011

Based on the results of the field work and laboratory testing, residential lots located within Stage 7 of The Gardens residential subdivision located at 688 to 730 Medowie Road, Medowie, as shown on Figure AA1, are classified in their current condition in accordance with AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings', as shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5 - SITE CLASSIFICATION TO AS2870-2011

Stage	Lot Numbers	Site Classification
7	701 to 706	Н1
/	707 to 721	W

A characteristic free surface movement in the range of 20mm to 40mm is estimated for lots classified as **Class 'M'**.

A characteristic free surface movement in the range of 40mm to 60mm is estimated for lots classified as **Class 'H1'**.

The effects of changes to the soil profile by additional cutting and filling and the effects of past and future trees should be considered in selection of the design value for differential movement. If site re-grading works involving cutting or filling are performed after the date of this assessment the classification may change and further advice should be sought.

Final site classification will be dependent on the type of fill and level of supervision carried out. Re-classification of lots should be confirmed by the geotechnical authority at the time of construction following any site re-grade works.

Footings for the proposed development should be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of AS2870-2011.

The classification presented above assumes that:

- All footings are founded in controlled fill (if applicable) or in the natural clayey soils or rock below all non-controlled fill, topsoil material and root zones, and fill under slab panels meets the requirements of AS2870-2011, in particular, the root zone must be removed prior to the placement of fill materials beneath slabs;
- The performance expectations set out in Appendix B of AS2870-2011 are acceptable, and that site foundation maintenance is undertaken to avoid extremes of wetting and drying;
- Footings are to be founded outside of or below all zones of influence resulting from existing or future service trenches;
- The constructional and architectural requirements for reactive clay sites set out in AS2870-2011 are followed;
- Adherence to the detailing requirement outlined in Section 5 of AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings' is essential, in particular Section 5.6, 'Additional requirements for Classes M, H1, H2 and E sites' including architectural restrictions, plumbing and drainage requirements; and,
- Site maintenance complies with the provisions of CSIRO Sheet BTF 18, "Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide", a copy of which is attached in Appendix C.

All structural elements on all lots regardless of their site classification should be supported on footings founded beneath all uncontrolled fill, layers of inadequate bearing capacity, soft/loose, or other potentially deleterious material.

If any areas of uncontrolled fill of depths greater than 0.4m are encountered during construction, footings should be designed in accordance with engineering principles for Class 'P' sites.

7.0 Limitations

The findings presented in the report and used as the basis for recommendations presented herein were obtained using normal, industry accepted geotechnical design practices and standards. To our knowledge, they represent a reasonable interpretation of the general conditions of the site.

The extent of testing associated with this assessment is limited to discrete borehole locations. It should be noted that subsurface conditions between and away from the borehole locations may be different to those observed during the field work and used as the basis of the recommendations contained in this report.

If subsurface conditions encountered during construction differ from those given in this report, further advice should be sought without delay.

Data and opinions contained within the report may not be used in other contexts or for any other purposes without prior review and agreement by Qualtest. If this report is reproduced, it must be in full.

If you have any further questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact Shannon Kelly or the undersigned.

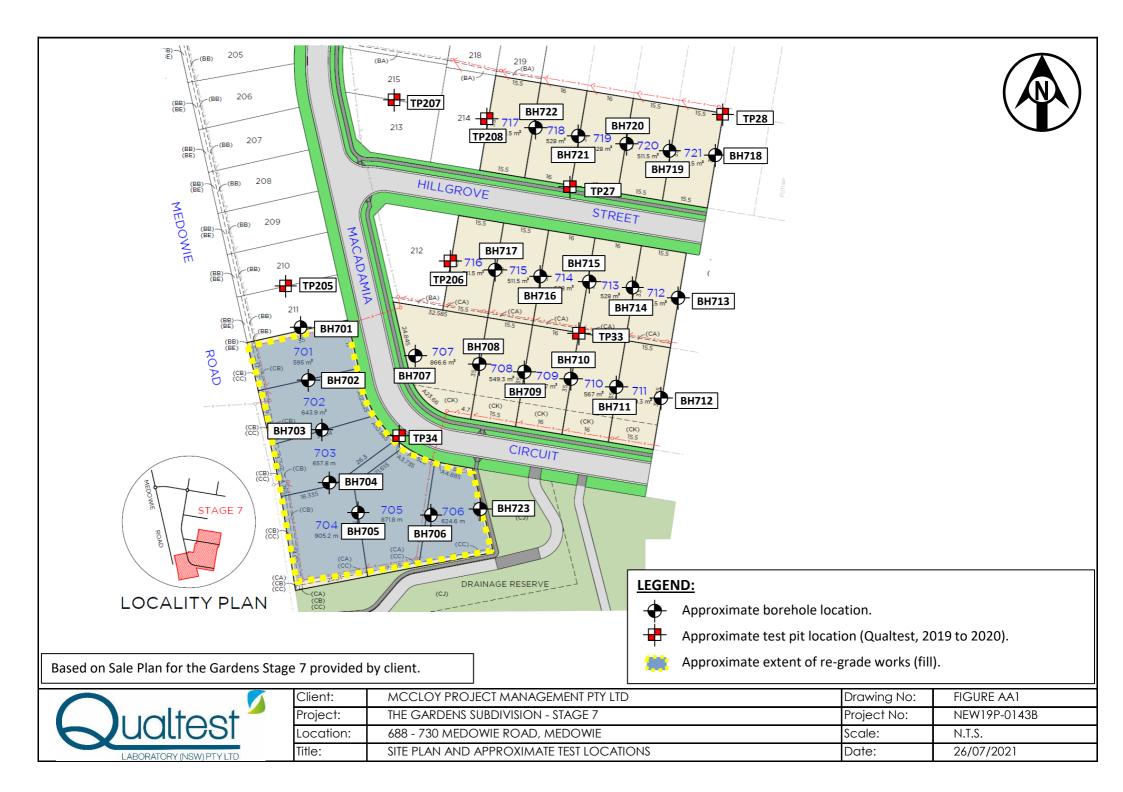
For and on behalf of Qualtest Laboratory (NSW) Pty Ltd.

Jason Lee

Principal Geotechnical Engineer

FIGURE AA1:

Site Plan and Approximate Test Locations



APPENDIX A:

Engineering Logs of Boreholes



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: **BH701**

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

BE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

		YPE: OLE DIAM			300 mi		OR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURF DATU	FACE RL: JM:					
	Drilli	ing and Sam	npling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
МЕТНОD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
				-		CL	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medin plasticity, grey to grey-brown, fine grained s affected.		M ~ W				FILL - TOPSOIL
		0.40m U50 0.55m		- 0. <u>5</u>		СН	FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red trace fine angular gravel.	-brown,	M > W _P	St	HP	200	FILL: CONTROLLED
	itered	0.80m U50 0.95m		-			FILL: Gravelly Sandy CLAY - medium plast grey-brown, trace white, fine to coarse grain fine to coarse grained angular to sub-angul	ned sand,			HP	320	
AD/T	Not Enc			1. <u>0</u>		СН			M ~ W _P	VSt - H	HP	450	
				1. <u>5</u>		СН	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, orange-b trace red-brown. 2.00m	rown,	M > W _P	VSt	HP	200	RESIDUAL SÕIL
Wate	Wate (Dat Wate	er Level e and time sh er Inflow er Outflow	nown)	Notes, Sa U ₅₀ CBR E	50mm Bulk sa Enviro (Glass Acid S	Diame ample t nmenta jar, se ulfate \$	Hole Terminated at 2.00 m Ls ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S So F Fir St Sti	ery Soft oft m iff ery Stiff		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
Stra	ta Cha Gr tra — De		ta	B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	Bulk S ss Photoi Dynam	ample onisationic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	1	iable V L MI D VD	Lo N D	ery Lo	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH702

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 300 mm

	Drill	ling and Samp	ing				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				-			0.05m FILL: TREE MULCH. FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medi plasticity, grey to grey-brown, fine grained affected.		M < W _P				FILL - TREE MULCH FILL - TOPSOIL
		0.50m		0.5			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pal and red-brown, trace pale grey to dark grey fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to m grained angular to sub-angular gravel.	v, trace			HP	220	FILL - CONTROLLED
		U50 0.65m		-							HP	180	
AD/T	Not Encountered			- 1. <u>0</u>		CI				St	HP	180	
	2	1.30m		-			1.30m		M ∨ W		HP	180	RESIDUAL SOIL 7
		U50 1.44m		- 1. <u>5</u> _		CI	CLAY - medium plasticity, red-brown and d trace fine grained angular to sub-angular g	ark grey, ravel.			HP	210	POSSIBLE FILL - CONTROLLED
				-		СН	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pale orar and pale grey.	nge-brown		VSt	HP	290	RESIDUAL SOIL
				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m				HP	300	
				- - -									
	- Lin			-				I constant				00.00	Maintana Carattan
Wate	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	ter Level te and time show ter Inflow ter Outflow	vn)	otes, Sai U_{50} BR E SS	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	Diame ample to nmenta jar, se sulfate s c bag,	ts ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V	ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff ery Stiff		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
stra	G tra D	anges tradational or ansitional strata efinitive or distic trata change	Ei t D	в ield Test PID CP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	riable V L MD D	Lo M	ery Lo oose lediun ense	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH703

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

						Material description and profile information				1 101	d Test	
WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plastici characteristics,colour,minor componer	ty/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
			-		CL			- w > M				FILL - TREE MULCH FILL - TOPSOIL
			-			and grey to grey-brown, trace orange, trace	e fine to			HP	180	FILL - CONTROLLED
			0. <u>5</u> -							HP	200	
countered	1.00m		-		СН					HP	180	
Not En	U50 1.20m		-					M × W _P	St	HP	190	
			- 1.5			1.50m				HP	180	
			_		СН	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pale gre orange to red-brown.	y, with			HP	160	RESIDUAL SOIL / POSSIBLE FILL - CONTROLLED
			_								050	
			2.0			2.00m			VSt		250	
			_			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
			_									
			_									
END:		!							<u> </u>			Moisture Condition D Dry
_	er Level	- (CBR	Bulk s	ample f	or CBR testing	s s	Soft		25	5 - 50	M Moist W Wet
Wat	er Inflow	1		(Glass Acid S	jar, se Sulfate S	aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample	St S VSt V	Stiff /ery Stiff	Ŧ	10 20	00 - 200 00 - 400	W _p Plastic Limit
a Cha	nges		B	Bulk S		aii expellea, chillea)	Fb F	riable				Donoity Index (450)
tra		a	Field Test PID DCP(x-y)	Photo		on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)	Density	V L ME	L	oose		Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65%
2	Not Encountered Not Encountered T Water Water A Character T Career	Date of the second strategy of the second str	Designation of transitional strata in the st	Description Description	The state of the s	Palagon Services Samples and Test Services Somm Diame CBR Bulk sample (Date and time shown) Water Level (Date and time shown) Water Inflow Water Outflow Water Outflow a Changes Gradational or transitional strata CRA Services Somm Diame CBR Bulk sample E Environmenta (Glass jar, se ASS Acid Sulfate Services ASS Acid Sulfate Services Services Somm Diame CBR Bulk sample E Environmenta (Glass jar, se ASS Acid Sulfate Services	The state of the s	The second state of the se	O.S. FILL: TREE MULCH FILL: TOP-SOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, go grey-brown, fine grained sand, root affected. O.S.	1.00m	Description of the properties	1.50m



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH704

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information		_		Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plastici characteristics,colour,minor componer	ty/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				-		CL	0.05m FILL: TREE MULCH. FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to med plasticity, grey to grey-brown, fine grained affected.		M < W _P				FILL - TREE MULCH FILL - TOPSOIL
		0.50m		- 0.5			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, rec and grey to grey-brown, trace orange, trac medium grained angular to sub-angular gr	e fine to			HP	300	FILL - CONTROLLED
		U50 0.64m		-			Red-brown, trace dark grey, trace fine grai	ned		VSt	HP	220	
	Not Encountered			-			sub-rounded to rounded gravel.				HP	300	
AD/I	Not Enc			1.0_ -		СН			M × W _P		HP	280	
				- 1.5						St -	HP	180	
				-			Pale grey to brown and orange to red-brow	/n.		VSt	HP	260	
				2.0		CH	FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pal with orange to red-brown.	e grey,	_	St	HP	200	FILL - CONTROLLED / POSSIBLE RESIDUAL SO
				-			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
EC	END:			Notoc Sc	mples	nd Too	te .	Consists	nncv.			CS (LP-	a) Maieturo Candition
Wat	er Wat (Dat Wat	er Level ee and time sho er Inflow er Outflow	own)	Notes, Sa U ₅₀ CBR E ASS	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S	Diame ample to nmenta s jar, se Sulfate S	ts ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F F St S VSt V	ency Very Soft Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff Hard		25 50 10 20	<u>CS (kPa</u> 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
Stra	ta Cha Gi tra	anges radational or ansitional strata efinitive or disti	a	B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	Bulk S ss Photoi	ample ionisationic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)	1	riable V L MI	L	ery Lo		Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH705

PAGE: 1 OF 1 **JOB NO**: NEW19P-0143B

LOGGED BY: BE

DATE: 7/7/21

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY MOISTURE CONDITION GRAPHIC LOG METHOD Structure and additional WATER Test Type Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) characteristics, colour, minor components (m) 0.05m FILL: TREE MULCH. FILL - TREE MULCH FILL - TOPSOIL FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, grey to grey-brown, fine grained sand, root affected. CL FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown and grey to grey-brown, trace orange, trace fine to medium grained angular to sub-angular gravel. FILL - CONTROLLED 340 ΗP 0.5 ΗP 300 350 HP Not Encountered VSt HP 300 AD/T 1.00m ΗP 250 U50 СН <<Drawing File>> 26/07/2021 09:26 10.0.000 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool 1.15m ΗP 220 1.5 ΗP 220 HP 160 St HP 180

ල <u> </u>	_				***	2.00111			_		_		
TEST PIT NEW19P-0143B DRAFT LOGS.						Hole Terminated at 2.00	m						
길				1 1									
₹													
in m													
143				1 1									
P.													
V19				1 1									
Ψ̈́													
늗				-									
ST													
۴Ļ												L	
QT LIB 1.1.GLB Log NON-CORED BOREHOLE -	LEGE	IND:			mples and Test				stency		UCS (kP	-	ure Condition
띪	<u>Wate</u>	<u>r</u>		U ₅₀		ter tube sample		VS	Very Soft		<25	D	Dry
S	lacksquare	Water Level	- 1	CBR		or CBR testing		S	Soft		25 - 50	M	Moist
	_	(Date and time sh	own)	E	Environmenta	•		F	Firm		50 - 100	W	Wet
2		•	1			aled and chilled on site)		St	Stiff		100 - 200	P	Plastic Limit
ŏ		Water Inflow	- 1	ASS	Acid Sulfate S	•		VSt	Very Stiff		200 - 400) W _L	Liquid Limit
ģ		Water Outflow				air expelled, chilled)		Н	Hard		>400		
g	Strata	Changes		В	Bulk Sample			Fb	Friable				
۵		Gradational or		Field Test	_			Densit	t y V		y Loose		ty Index <15%
덩		transitional strat		PID		on detector reading (ppm)			L	Loc			ty Index 15 - 35%
-		Definitive or dist	tict	DCP(x-y)		etrometer test (test depth interval	shown)		ME		dium Dens		ty Index 35 - 65%
믬		strata change		HP	Hand Penetro	ometer test (UCS kPa)			D	Der			ty Index 65 - 85%
ğ									VD	Ver	y Dense	Densi	ty Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH706

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 300 mm

	RILL T	OLE DIAM			300 m		DR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURF DATU	ACE RL: IM:					
	Dril	ing and San	npling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity characteristics,colour,minor component	y/particle is	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
				-		CL	FILL: TREE MULCH. FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medit plasticity, grey to grey-brown, fine grained saffected. 0.25m		M < W _P		HP	350	FILL - TREE MULCH
		0.80m		- 0. <u>5</u> -			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red and grey to grey-brown, trace orange, trace medium grained angular to sub-angular gra	fine to			HP	300	FILL - CONTROLLED
AD/T	Not Encountered	U50 1.00m		1.0_		СН					HP	250	
	Not			-					M > W _P		HP	380	
5/0 //20z v3:zo 10.v.vvv va				1. <u>5</u>			1.70m				HP HP	300	RESIDUAL SÕIL
CPJ < <drawingfile>> Z</drawingfile>				2.0		СН	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown orange, trace pale grey-white.	n and			HP	400	NESIDORE SOIL
CLIB 1.1.GEB LOG NON-CORED BORREFOLDE. LEST PHI NEW 19F-01438 DRAFT LOGS.GFO. **CURWINGFIRM** ZOU/7/2/21 V87.26 10/1/00 Dalget Lab and misrial room				-			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
LEG Was DOREHOLE - 1	Wat (Da - Wat	er Level te and time sh er Inflow er Outflow	hown)	Notes, Sa U_{50} CBR E ASS	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plast	n Diame sample f onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S	ts ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S So F Fi St St VSt Ve H Ha	ery Soft oft rm		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
Str	tra D	anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change		Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>:s</u> Photo Dynar	ionisatio	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	<u>Density</u>	V L ME D VD	Lo D D	ery Lo oose lediun ense ery D	n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH707

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

LOGGED BY: BE
DATE: 1/6/85

	Dril	ling and Samp	ling	1		ı	Material description and profile information		-		Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticil characteristics,colour,minor componer		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
		0.15m		-		SM	FILL-TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine grained, grey-brown, fines of low plasticity, medium grained angular to sub-angular gr. 0.15m	fine to	М				FILL - TOPSOIL
		U50 0.30m		_ 		CI	FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pal and red-brown, trace pale grey to dark grey fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to m	y, trace	M > W _P	St - VSt	HP	180 - 220	FILL - CONTROLLED
				_		CI	CLAY - medium plasticity, red-brown and c trace fine grained angular to sub-angular g	— — — —/ lark grey, ravel.	M < W _P	н	HP	>600	RESIDUAL SOIL
				0.5_			0.50m CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow				HP	390	
				_							HP	300	
	ıntered			_					M × W	VSt			
AD/I	Not Encountered	1.00m		1.0_							HP	350	
		U50 1.25m		_		СН					HP	420	
				- 1. <u>5</u> - - - 2.0			2.00m		M < Wp - M ~ Wp	н	HP	450 480	
							Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
	END:		1	Notes, Sa			t <u>s</u> ter tube sample	Consiste	ncy /ery Sof			 CS (kPa 25	
_ _	Wat (Da Wat Wat	ter Level te and time sho ter Inflow ter Outflow anges	wn)	U ₅₀ CBR E ASS	Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	ample t nmenta jar, se sulfate s	ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V	rery Son Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff Hard		25 50 10 20	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
	G tra D	radational or ansitional strata efinitive or distic trata change]	Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>:s</u> Photoi Dynan	ionisatio	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L MI D	Lo D M	ery Lo oose lediun	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH708

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ing and Sam	oling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
						SM	FILL-TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine grained, grey-brown, fines of low plasticity,	to coarse	М				FILL - TOPSOIL
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.50m U50 0.65m		1.6		СН	grained angular to sub-angular grace CLAY - medium grained angular to sub-angular grace CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow With some orange.	avel /	$M \sim W_P - M > W_P$	VSt	HP HP HP HP	380 230 320 340 380 300	RESIDUAL SÕIL
Wate	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	er Level te and time sho er Inflow er Outflow anges	own)	Notes, Sal U ₅₀ CBR E ASS B	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S	Diame ample f nmenta jar, se ulfate S c bag, a	ts ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V H F	ncy 'ery Sof foft irm driff 'ery Stiff lard riable	f	25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
	tra De	radational or ansitional strata efinitive or disti rata change	a	PID DCP(x-y) HP	Photoi Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	_ <u></u>	L MI D	Lo D M	oose	n Dense	Density Index 15 - 35%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH709

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information			1	Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				_		SM	0.05m FILL-TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine grained, grey-brown, fines of low plasticity, medium grained angular to sub-angular gracel CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	fine to avel /	D - M		HP	>600	FILL - TOPSOIL RESIDUAL SOIL
				-					M < W _P	н	HP	550	
				0. <u>5</u>							HP	450	
	red			-							HP		
AD/T	Not Encountered	1.00m U50 1.13m		1.0_		СН					HP		
				- 1. <u>5</u> - - - 2.0			2.00m		$M \sim W_P - M > W_P$	VSt - H	HP		
\exists				2.0	//////		Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
LEG Wate	END: er			Notes, Sar U ₅₀	50mm	Diame	ter tube sample		ery So	ft	_	CS (kPa 25	D Dry
Y	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	er Level te and time sh er Inflow er Outflow	own)	CBR E ASS	Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	nmenta jar, se ulfate S	for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	F F St S VSt \	Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stif Hard Friable	ff	50 10 20	5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	P
<u> </u>	G tra D	anges radational or ansitional strat efinitive or disi rata change	а	Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	onisationic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L M	L D M	ery Lo oose Mediur Dense	n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH710

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Dril	ling and San	npling	1			Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity characteristics,colour,minor component	//particle s	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				-		SM	FILL-TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine to grained, grey-brown, fines of low plasticity, f medium grained angular to sub-angular gra	ine to	D - M				FILL - TOPSOIL
				-			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-browr	- — — — - 1.			HP	450	RESIDUAL SOIL
				-							HP		
		0.50m		0.5							HP	300	
				0.9_							HP	380	
		U50 0.70m		_									
		<u></u>		_					_ ^ M				
	ered			_					~ W _P - M				
AD/I	Not Encountered			1.0					Σ		HP	390	
7	Not E					СН				VSt - H		390	
				_							HP	420	
				_									
				_							HP	420	
				1. <u>5</u>			Trace orange.						
				_			nace dange.				HP	450	
				_					× N D				
				-					≥ ≥				
				-							HP	450	
-				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
				-									
				-									
				=									
LEG Wate	END:			Notes, Sa U ₅₀			i <u>s</u> ter tube sample		ncy 'ery Sof	t		CS (kPa 25	Moisture Condition D Dry
	 Wat	ter Level te and time sh	nown)	CBR E	Enviro	nmenta	or CBR testing	F F	irm		50	5 - 50 0 - 100	M Moist W Wet
<u> </u>	Wat	ter Inflow ter Outflow)	ASS	Acid S	ulfate S	aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	VSt V	itiff 'ery Stiff lard	Ť	20	00 - 200 00 - 400 400	P
-	ta Ch	anges Fradational or		B Field Test	Bulk S	ample		l	riable V	V	ery Lo		Density Index <15%
	tra	ansitional stra efinitive or dis		PID DCP(x-y)	Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)		L MI) N		n Dense	,
	st	trata change		HP	⊓and	renetro	meter test (UCS kPa)		D VE		ense ery D		Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH711

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
		0.10m				SM	TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine to coa	arse fine to	М				TOPSOIL
		0.10m U50 0.30m		_		CH	O_10m grained grey-brown, lines on low plasticity, medium grained angular to sub-angular grained angular to sub-angular grained angular grained angular grained angular grained to coarse grained sand.	<u>avel.</u> / rown.	,		HP		COLLUVIUM / POSSIBLE FILL
				-			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	n. — — —					RESIDUAL SOIL
				0.5							HP	390	
				_								320	
				-					۵,		HP	250	
	untered			-					M × W	VSt	HP	230	
AD/I	Not Encountered	1.00m U50		1. <u>0</u>							HP	280	
		1.15m		-		CH					HP	380	
				1. <u>5</u> 2.0			Trace orange.		M < W _p - M ~ W _p	н	HP	420	
\neg				2.0	(/////		Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
	END:]	Notes, Sa				Consiste				CS (kPa	
	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	er Level te and time sho er Inflow er Outflow anges	own)	U ₅₀ CBR E ASS	Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S	ample f nmenta jar, se ulfate s c bag, a	ter tube sample or CBR testing al sample alled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt \	/ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard Friable		25 50 10 20	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit W _L Liquid Limit
<u>oıra</u>	G tra	anges radational or ansitional strata efinitive or dist	a .	Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	onisatio	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L ME	Lo N	ery Lo oose lediun	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH712

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

	Dril	ling and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information			1	Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity characteristics, colour, minor component	y/particle is	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
						SM	TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine to coa	irse fine to	D - M				TOPSOIL
				_		CH	medium grained angular to sub-angular gra CLAY - medium to high plasticity, grey to br trace orange, trace fine grained angular gra fine to coarse grained sand.	<u>vel. </u>		VSt	HP	210	COLLUVIUM/POSSIBLE FILL
				-			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown grey-brown.	 n, trace			HP	480	RESIDUAL SOIL
		0.50m		0.5			Dedhama				HP	410	
				_			Red-brown.				HP	340	
		U50		_							HP	280	
		0.05		-							HP	210	
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.85m		- 1. <u>0</u> -		СН			M > W _P	VSt - H	HP	210	
				- 1. <u>5</u> - -			Trace orange.				HP	300	
_				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
LEG Wat	END:			Notes, Sa	50mm	Diame	ter tube sample		ery Sof	t	<2	CS (kPa 25	D Dry
_	(Da Wat Wat	ter Level te and time sh ter Inflow ter Outflow anges	own)	CBR E ASS B	Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S	nmenta jar, se ulfate s	for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	F F St S VSt V H H Fb F	ooft irm Stiff ery Stiff lard riable		50 10 20 >4	5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	W _L Liquid Limit
	G tra D	radational or ansitional strat efinitive or dis rata change	ta	PID DCP(x-y) HP	Photoi Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L MI D	Lo D M	ery Lo oose lediun	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH713

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Dril	ling and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information		_		Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics, colour, minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
						SM	TOPSOIL: Silty SAND - fine to coarse grain (mostly fine to medium grained), dark grey-	ned brown,	D - M				TOPSOIL
				-		CL	0.10m (fines of low plasticity, root affected. Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, dar and grey-brown, fine grained sand.	/	w × M	н	HP	>600	COLLUVIUM/POSSIBLE FILL
		0.50m U50		0.5_			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow				HP	280	RESIDUAL SOIL
	untered	0.70m		-							HP	300	
AD/T	Not Encountered			1. <u>0</u>		СН			M > W _P	VSt	HP	350	
				1. <u>5</u>							HP	390	
				-					M < W _P	н	HP	450	
				2.0			2.00m				HP	450	
				-			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
Wate	Wat (Da Wat Wat	ter Level te and time sh ter Inflow ter Outflow	own)	Notes, Sa U ₅₀ CBR E ASS	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S	Diame ample f nmenta jar, se ulfate S c bag, a	ts ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt \	ency /ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
<u>sıra</u>	G tra D	anges radational or ansitional strate efinitive or diserate	ta	Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	onisatio	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L ME	Lo N	ery Lo oose lediur	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH714

PAGE: 1 OF 1 **JOB NO**: NEW19P-0143B

LOGGED BY: BE **DATE:** 18/6/21

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
					} }	SM	TOPSOIL: Silty SAND - fine to coarse grain (mostly fine to medium grained), dark grey-		D - M				TOPSOIL
				_		CL	fines of low plasticity, root affected. Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, dar and grey-brown, fine grained sand.	k grey	м > <u>М</u>	н	HP HP		COLLUVIUM
				0. <u>5</u>			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	n. — — —			HP	260	RESIDUAL SOIL
1/0	Not Encountered	0.90m U50		- 1.0_							HP	250	
AD/	Not E	1.05m		-		СН			M ~ W _P - M > W _P	VSt	HP	310	
				1. <u>5</u> 2.0			2.00m				HP	360 350	
							Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
_EG	END:		$\overline{}$	Notes, Sa	mples a	nd Test	<u> </u> <u> </u>	Consiste	ncy		<u>U</u>	CS (kPa	a) Moisture Condition
Wate	Wat (Dat	er Level e and time sh er Inflow	own)	U ₅₀ CBR E	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass	Diame ample f nmenta jar, se	Ler tube sample or CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample	VS \ S S F F St S	/ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff		-25 25 50 10	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
4 Stra	ta Cha	radational or		B Field Test PID	Bulk S	ample	air expelled, chilled) on detector reading (ppm)	1	Hard Friable V L		ery Lo	400 oose	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%
	_ De	ansitional strat efinitive or dist rata change		DCP(x-y) HP	Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)		ME D) M		n Dense	



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH715

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	_
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
						SM	TOPSOIL: Gravelly Silty SAND - fine to coagnize to grained, grey-brown, fines of low plasticity,	fine to	D - M				TOPSOIL
				-		CL	medium grained angular to sub-angular gra Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, da and grey-brown, fine grained sand.	avel /	w > M	Н	HP	>600 >600	COLLUVIUM
		0.50m U50 0.68m		0. <u>5</u> -			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	n. — — —			HP	330	RESIDUAL SOIL
	Not Encountered			1.0							HP	280	
AD/T	Not En					СН			M > W _P	VSt	HP	290	
				1. <u>5</u> -							HP HP	330 390 390	
				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
LEG Wate	END: er			Notes, Sa	50mm	Diame	ter tube sample	1	Very Soft		<2	CS (kPa 25	D Dry
¥ -	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	er Level ee and time sho er Inflow er Outflow anges	own)	CBR E ASS B	Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	nmenta jar, se ulfate S	or CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	F I St S VSt N	Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff Hard Friable		50 10 20	5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	P
	Gı tra — De	radational or ansitional strate efinitive or dist rata change	а	Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	onisatio	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L ME	Lo M	ery Lo oose lediun ense	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH716

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

	Dril	ling and Samp	oling				Material description and profile information		_		Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
		0.20m		-		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium p dark grey and dark brown, fine grained sar rootlets.	id, trace	w v		HP	>600	TOPSOIL
		U50 0.35m		-		CL	Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, da and grey-brown, fine grained sand.	rk grey	Σ	н	HP		COLLOVION
				0. <u>5</u>			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	n.			HP	350	RESIDUAL SOIL
	70			-							HP	220	
AD/1	Not Encountered	1.00m		1.0_							HP	220	
	Z	U50 1.25m		-		СН			M > W _P	VSt	HP	220	
				1. <u>5</u> _							HP	320	
				2.0			2.00m				HP	350	
				-			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
LEG	END:		<u> </u>	Notes, Sa				Consiste				CS (kPa	
_ _	 Wat (Da Wat Wat	ter Level te and time sho ter Inflow ter Outflow	own)	U ₅₀ CBR E ASS	Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	ample f nmenta jar, se ulfate s c bag, a	ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V	ery Soft oft irm Stiff ery Stiff lard		25 50 10 20	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	P
<u>Stra</u>	G tra D	anges radational or ansitional strata efinitive or disti trata change	a .	B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Fb F	riable V L MD D	Lo D M	ery Lo oose lediun	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH717

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ling and Sam	pling	1			Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity characteristics,colour,minor component	//particle s	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				_		CL	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to mediu plasticity, dark grey and grey-brown, fine grand.						FILL - TOPSOIL
				-			Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, dar and grey-brown, fine grained sand.	k grey					COLLUVIUM
				-			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown	n.					RESIDUAL SOIL
	Not Encountered	0.50m U50 0.68m	U50 -	0.5					M × W		HP	280	
									St - VSt	HP	180		
				-							HP	160	
AD/I				1.0							HP	210	
	8			-		СН					HP	380	
				-							HP	330	
				1.5			2.00m			VSt	HP	350	
				_			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
				-									
Water U ₅₀				U ₅₀	Samples and Tests 50mm Diameter tube sample Bulk completer CPB testing			Consistency VS Very Soft S Soft			UCS (kPa) <25		D Dry
■ Water Level (Date and time shown) ■ Water Inflow ASS					Environmental sample (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site)				Soft Firm Stiff Jery Stiff Hard		25 - 50 50 - 100 100 - 200 200 - 400 >400		P
Strata Changes Gradational or transitional strata B Field Tes PID					Bulk Sample sts Photoionisation detector reading (ppm)			1	Fb Friable Density V \ L L			oose	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%
Definitive or distict strata change					Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa)				D	lediun ense ery D		Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%	



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH718

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	ty/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				_		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium p grey to grey-brown, fine grained sand, root		M × W				TOPSOIL
				-			0.20m CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	<u> </u>			HP	230	RESIDUAL SOIL
	Not Encountered	0.50m	U50	0.5_	0.5						HP	230	
AD/T		U50 0.70m						> W _P		HP	250		
						Š		VSt	HP	250 320			
				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m				HP	390	
				-			Tiole Terminated at 2:00 fff						
				-									
Water Water Level (Date and time shown) Water Inflow Water Outflow U₅₀ CBR E ASS			CBR Bulk sample for CBR testing E Environmental sample (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled)				S S F F St S VSt V	ncy /ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff lard Friable		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit	
Strata Changes Gradational or transitional strata Definitive or distict strata change					sts Photoionisation detector reading (ppm)			Density V L MD			Very Loose Loose Medium Dense Dense Very Dense		Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH719

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

	BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 300 mm DATUM:												
	Drilling and Sampling			Material description and profile information						Field Test			
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
				-		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium pl grey to grey-brown, fine grained sand, root 0.20m CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	affected.	M < W _P			_	TOPSOIL RESIDUAL SOIL
				0.5_							HP	250	
and in Situ Tool AD/T	Not Encountered	1.10m U50		U50	U50	U50 CH		W W M		[™] ∧ VSt W	HP	230	
5/07/2021 09:27 10.0.000 DatgelLab				1. <u>5</u>							HP HP	280	
DRAFT LOGS.GPJ < <drawingfile>> 20</drawingfile>				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m				HP	380	
<u>₩</u>	GEND:			Notes, Sa U ₅₀ CBR	50mm	n Diame	<u>:s</u> ter tube sample or CBR testing		ncy ery Soft		<2	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50) Moisture Condition D Dry M Moist
NT LIB 1.1.GLB Log NON-CORED BO	(Da - Wat 4 Wat ata Ch G tra	er Level te and time sh er Inflow er Outflow anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change	hown)	E ASS B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plast Bulk S ss Photo Dynar	onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, a Sample ionisationic pend	is sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled) on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) imeter test (UCS kPa)	F F St S VSt V H H	irm tiff ery Stiff ard riable V L ME D VC	V Lo D M D	50 10 20 >2 ery Lo	0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400 Dose	$\begin{array}{ccc} W & \text{Wet} \\ W_{\text{p}} & \text{Plastic Limit} \\ W_{\text{L}} & \text{Liquid Limit} \\ \\ & \text{Density Index} < 15\% \\ & \text{Density Index} \ 15 - 35\% \\ \end{array}$



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH720

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				_		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium p grey to grey-brown, fine grained sand, root		M × W				TOPSOIL
				_			0.20m CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	 n.			HP	380	RESIDUAL SOIL
		0.50m		0.5							HP	320	
		U50 0.65m									HP	320	
AD/ I	Not Encountered			- 1. <u>0</u> - -		СН			M > W _P	VSt	HP	320	
				- 1. <u>5</u> - -							HP	380	
				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m		-		HP	380	
				-									
LEG Wate	END:			Notes, Sa			ts ter tube sample	Consiste VS V	ncy /ery Sof	<u> </u> t		CS (kPa 25	Moisture Condition D Dry
¥	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	er Level te and time sh er Inflow er Outflow anges	iown)	CBR E ASS	Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	ample f nmenta jar, se sulfate S	for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V	Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard Friable		25 50 10 20	5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit
	G tra D	radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change	ta	Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	onisatio	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L MI	Lo D M	ery Lo oose lediun ense	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH721

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

LOGGED BY:

BC	OREHOLE DIAMETER: 300 mm DATUM:												
	Drill	ing and Sam	npling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticil characteristics,colour,minor componer		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
				_		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium p grey to grey-brown, fine grained sand, root		D - M				TOPSOIL
LEC Wat Straw Stra	Not Encountered	1.00m U50 1.15m		1.6		СН	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown Hole Terminated at 2.00 m	n.	M > Wp	VSt	HP HP HP HP HP	390 300 280 270 250 350 320	RESIDUAL SOIL
LEC Wat	Water Water Level (Date and time shown) Water Inflow Water Outflow Strata Changes		Notes, Sa U ₅₀ CBR E ASS B	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid s (Plast Bulk s	n Diame ample fonmenta s jar, sea Sulfate S ic bag, a Sample	er tube sample or CBR testing I sample alled and chilled on site) ioil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V	ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff ery Stiff lard Friable	·	25 50 10 20 >2 ery Lo	CS (kPa) 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W _p Plastic Limit W _L Liquid Limit Density Index <15%	
	D	ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change		PID DCP(x-y) HP	Dynar	nic pene	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) meter test (UCS kPa)		L MC D VD) M D	oose lediun ense ery De	n Dense ense	Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH722

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 18/6/21

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
MEIHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticil characteristics,colour,minor componer	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				-		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - low to medium p grey to grey-brown, fine grained sand, root		M < W _P				TOPSOIL
				-			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brow	 n.			HP	250	RESIDUAL SOIL
		0.50m		0.5_							HP	200	
		U50 0.65m		-							HP	200	
	Not Encountered			10					M > W _P	VSt	HP	220	
AD/I	Not En			- -		СН					HP	28	
				-							HP	390	
				1.5_							HP	400	
				- - 2.0			2.00m		M ~ W _P	н	HP	440	
				_			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
				-									
LEG Wate	END: er			Notes, Sa	50mm	Diame	ter tube sample		ery Soft	i	<2	CS (kPa 25	D Dry
<u>*</u>	(Dat	er Level e and time sh er Inflow er Outflow	iown)	CBR E ASS	Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, a	for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	F F St S VSt V	Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard		50 10 20	5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	P
Stra	G tra	anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis	ta	B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan		on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)	Fb F	riable V L MD	L	ery Lo	oose n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: THE GARDENS SUBDIVISION - STAGE 7

LOCATION: 688 - 730 MEDOWIE ROAD, MEDOWIE

BOREHOLE NO: BH723

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW19P-0143B

ΒE

DATE: 7/7/21

LOGGED BY:

	Dril	ling and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				_			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red and pale grey-white, trace pale orange.	-brown			HP	350	FILL: CONTROLLED
				_		CH	Dark grey to grey-brown, trace orange to re	ed-brown.			HP	480	
				_			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, orange-b trace red-brown.	rown,			HP	300	RESIDUAL SOIL
		0.50m U50		0.5_							HP	280	
		0.70m		_						VSt	HP	220	
	untered			_							HP	200	
AD/	Not Encountered			1. <u>0</u>					M ∨ W		HP	220	
				_		CH					HP	320	
				_							HP	400	
				1. <u>5</u>			Red-brown and orange, trace pale grey-wh	iite.			HP	420	
				_						Н			
				_							HP	420	
\dashv				2.0			2.00m						
				_			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
				-									
LEG	END:		1	Notes, Sa	mples a	nd Test	ts	Consiste	ency		U	CS (kPa)) Moisture Condition
Nate	<u>er</u>						ter tube sample	VS \	/ery Soft Soft			25 5 - 50	D Dry M Moist
▼ Water Level CBR E					or CBR testing al sample	1	5οπ Firm			o - 50 O - 100	M Moist W Wet		
⊢	Wat	te and time sh ter Inflow ter Outflow	1	ASS	(Glass Acid S	jar, se ulfate S	aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	VSt \	Stiff /ery Stiff Hard		20	00 - 200 00 - 400 400	W _p Plastic Limit W _L Liquid Limit
Stra		anges		В	Bulk S		an expense, ornice)	Fb F	riable				
	G	radational or		Field Test PID		onisatio	on detector reading (ppm)	Density	V L		ery Lo	oose	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%
	transitional strata					etrometer test (test depth interval shown)		ME			n Dense		
		rata change		HP	Hand I	enetro	ometer test (UCS kPa)	1	D	ח	ense		Density Index 65 - 85%

APPENDIX B:

Results of Laboratory Testing



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S01

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S01

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** 12/07/2021 On-Site Insitu

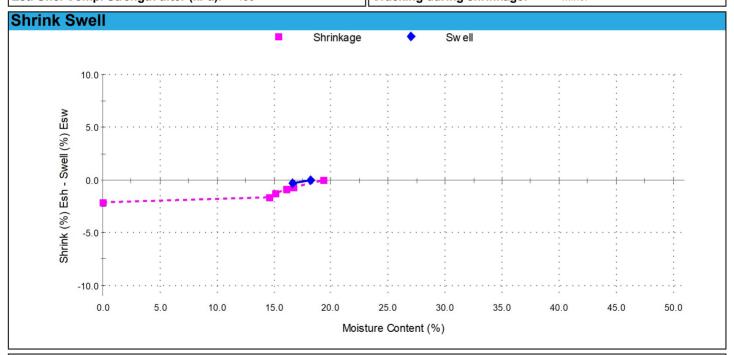
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-01 - (0.4 - 0.55m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

Swell Test	AS 1289.7.1.1	Shrink Test	AS 1289.7.1.1
Swell on Saturation (%):	-0.3	Shrink on drying (%): 2.1	
Moisture Content before (%):	18.2	Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 19.3	
Moisture Content after (%):	16.7	Est. inert material (%): 7%	
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (k	Pa): 260	Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil	
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa	a): 180	Cracking during shrinkage: Mind	or



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.2



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S02 Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

(Senior Geotechnician)

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S02

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** 12/07/2021 On-Site Insitu

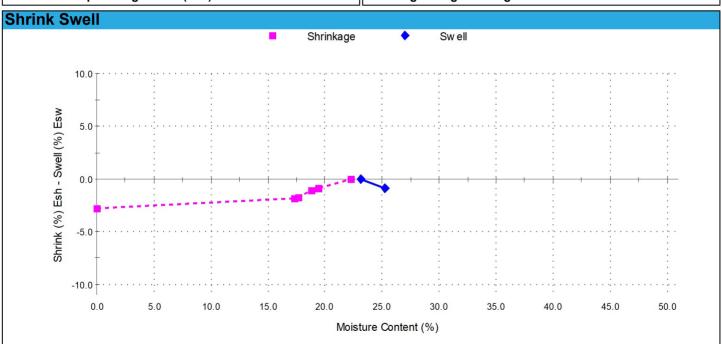
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-02 - (0.5 - 0.65m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

Swell Test	AS 1289.7.1.1	Shrink Test		AS 1289.7.1.1
Swell on Saturation (%):	-0.9	Shrink on drying (%):	2.8	
Moisture Content before (%):	23.1	Shrinkage Moisture Content (%)	: 22.2	
Moisture Content after (%):	25.2	Est. inert material (%):	1%	
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa	a): 280	Crumbling during shrinkage:	Nil	
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa)	270	Cracking during shrinkage:	Minor	



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.6



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S04

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S04

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** 12/07/2021 On-Site Insitu

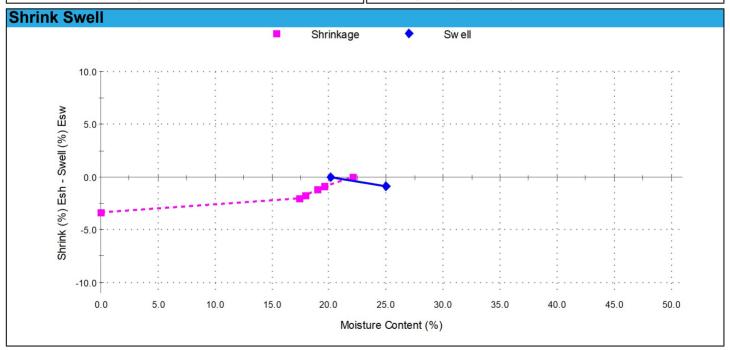
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-03 - (1.0 - 1.20m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

Swell Test	AS 1289.7.1.1	Shrink Test	AS 1289.7.1.1
Swell on Saturation (%):	-0.9	Shrink on drying (%):	3.4
Moisture Content before (%):	20.1	Shrinkage Moisture Content (%):	22.1
Moisture Content after (%):	25.0	Est. inert material (%):	5%
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa	a): 170	Crumbling during shrinkage:	Nil
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):	230	Cracking during shrinkage:	Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.9



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd PO Box 2214 Client:

Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S06

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S06

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** 12/07/2021 On-Site Insitu

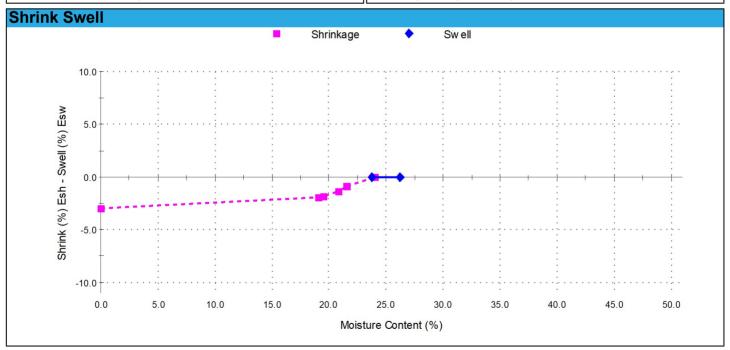
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-05 - (1.0 - 1.15m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

Swell Test	AS 1289.7.1.1	Shrink Test	AS 1289.7.1.1
Swell on Saturation (%):	0.0	Shrink on drying (%):	3.0
Moisture Content before (%):	23.7	Shrinkage Moisture Content (%):	24.0
Moisture Content after (%):	26.2	Est. inert material (%):	4%
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa	a): 320	Crumbling during shrinkage:	Nil
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):	200	Cracking during shrinkage:	Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.7



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S07 Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S07

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 12/07/2021

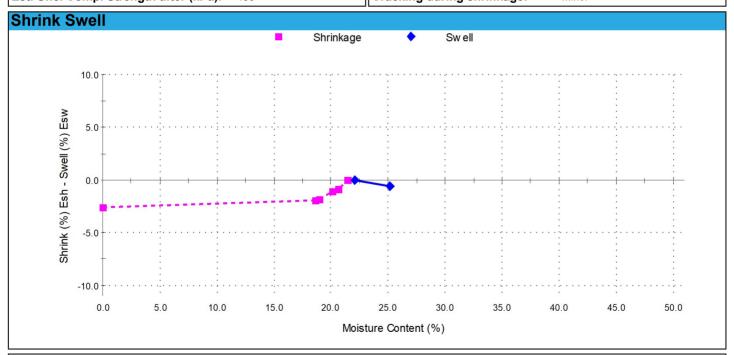
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-06 - (0.8 - 1.00m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.6 2.6 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 21.5 22.0 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 370 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.5



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S01 Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S01

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-07 - (1.00 - 1.25m)

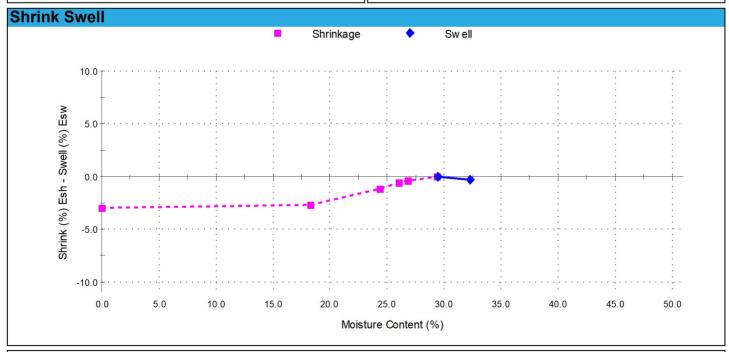
Borehole/Pit Number: Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 1.0 - 1.25 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test**

Swell on Saturation (%): Moisture Content before (%): 29.4 Moisture Content after (%): 32.3 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 330 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):

Shrink Test AS 1289.7.1.1

Shrink on drying (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 29.4 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.7



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S02 Issue No: 1



ACCREDITATION

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S02

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

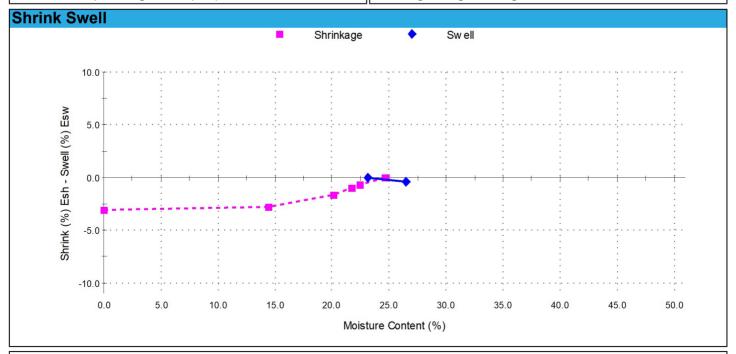
Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-08 - (0.5 - 0.65m)

Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-08 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 0.5 - 0.65 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test** Swell on Saturation (%): -0.4 Shrink on drying (%):

Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 24.7 23.1 Moisture Content after (%): 26.4 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 580 Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.7



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S03

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen (Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S03

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-09 - (1.00 - 1.13m)

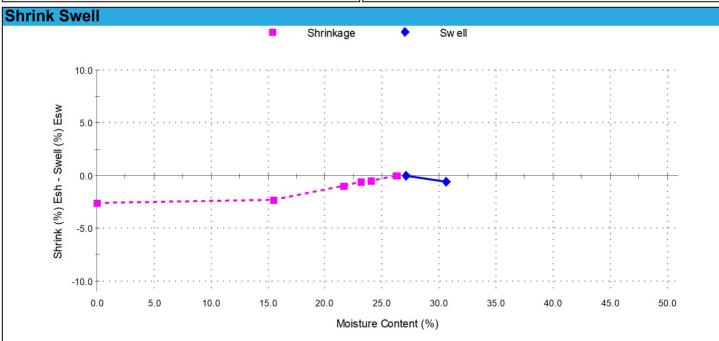
Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-09 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 1.0 - 1.13 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test**

Swell on Saturation (%): -0.6 Moisture Content before (%): 27.1 Moisture Content after (%): 30.6 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): >600 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):

Shrink Test AS 1289.7.1.1

Shrink on drying (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 26.3 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.4



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S04

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen (Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S04

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

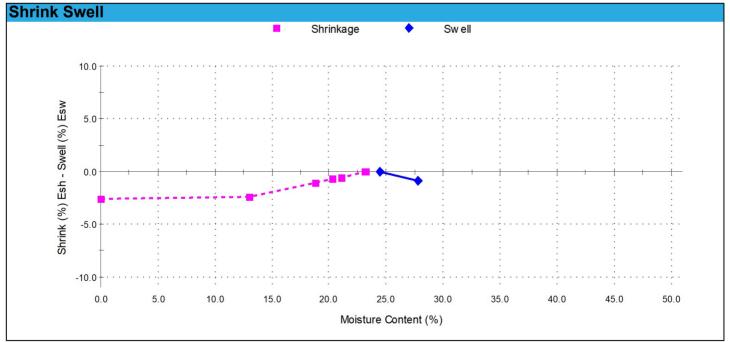
Sample Location: BH7-10 - (0.5 - 0.7m)

Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-10 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 0.5 - 0.7 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

Shrink Test AS 1289.7.1.1

Shrink on drying (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.2 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Moisture Content before (%): 24.4 Moisture Content after (%): 27.8 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 540 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.5



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S05

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S05

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

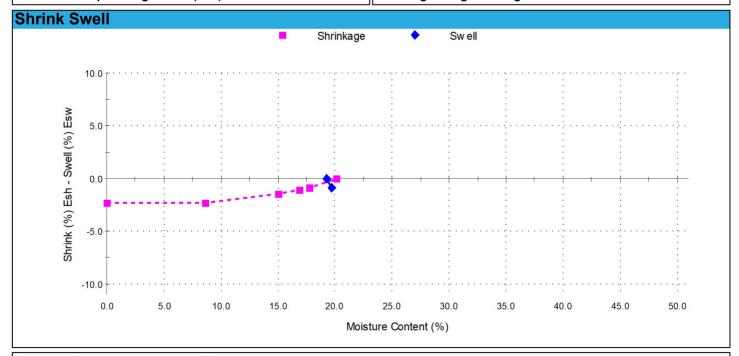
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-11 - (0.1 - 0.3m)

Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-11 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 0.1 - 0.3 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 20.1 19.3 Moisture Content after (%): 19.7 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): >600 Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.3



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S06 Issue No: 1



ACCREDITATION

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S06

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-11 - (1.00 - 1.15m)

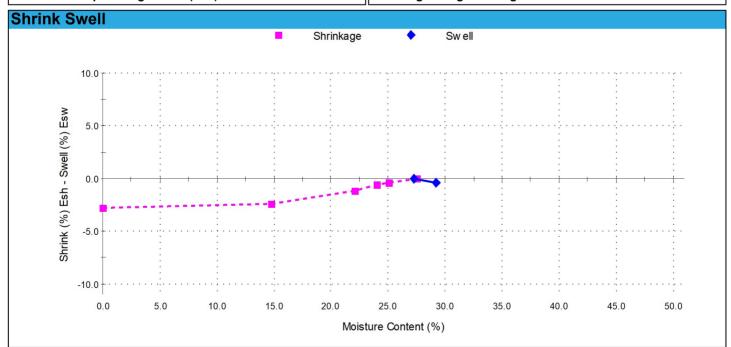
Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-11 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 1.0 - 1.15 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test**

Swell on Saturation (%): -0.4 Moisture Content before (%): 27.3 Moisture Content after (%): 29.2 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): >600 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):

Shrink Test AS 1289.7.1.1

Shrink on drying (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.5 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.6



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S07 Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S07

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-12 - (0.5 - 0.65m)

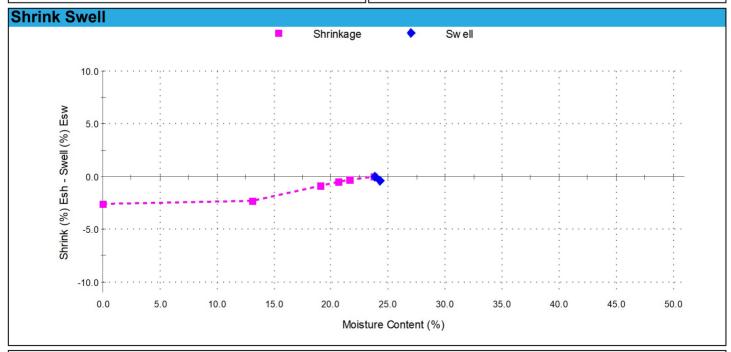
Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-12 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 0.5 - 0.65 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test**

Swell on Saturation (%): -0.4 Moisture Content before (%): 23.8 Moisture Content after (%): 24.3 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): >600 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):

Shrink Test AS 1289.7.1.1

Shrink on drying (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.7 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.5



BLD BECK

ACCREDITATION

E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S08 Issue No: 1

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Dane Cullen (Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 13/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S08

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

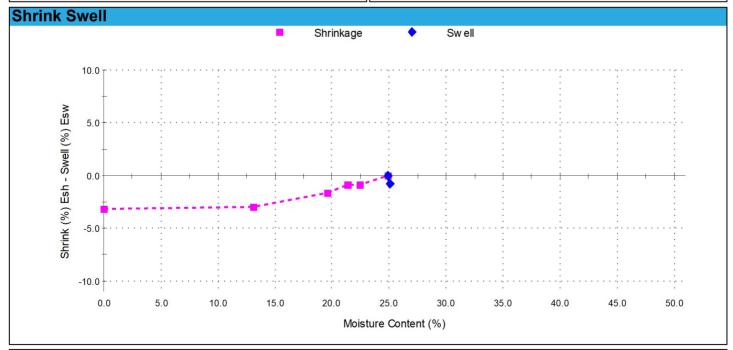
Sample Location: BH7-13 - (0.5 - 0.7m)

Borehole/Pit Number: BH7-13 Borehole/Pit Depth (m): 0.5 - 0.7 **Date Tested:** 7/07/2021

> **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1

Shrink on drying (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 24.9 Est. inert material (%): Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate

AS 1289.7.1.1 **Swell Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Moisture Content before (%): 24.9 Moisture Content after (%): 25.1 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 350 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.8



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S09

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S09

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

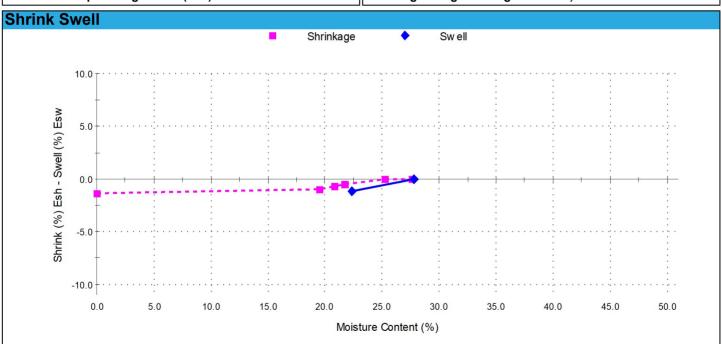
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-14 - (0.9 - 1.06m)

Date Tested: 12/07/2021

Swell Test	AS 1289.7.1.1	Shrink Test	AS 1289.7.1.1
Swell on Saturation (%):	-1.1	Shrink on drying (%):	1.4
Moisture Content before (%):	27.7	Shrinkage Moisture Content (%):	27.6
Moisture Content after (%):	22.3	Est. inert material (%):	1%
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 470	Crumbling during shrinkage:	Nil
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):	500	Cracking during shrinkage:	Major



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 0.8



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S10

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S10

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

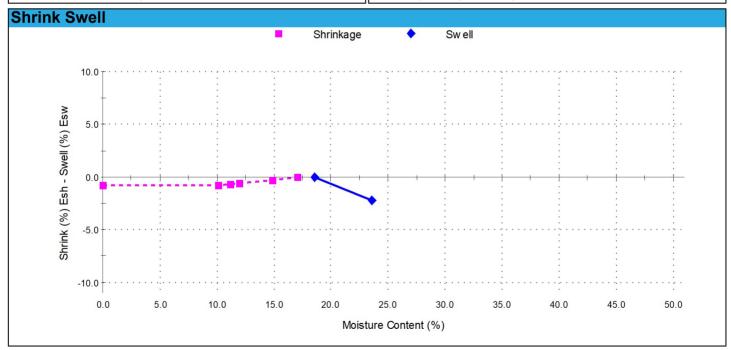
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-15 - (0.5 - 0.68m)

Date Tested: 12/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -2.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 17.0 18.6 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 530 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 0.5



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S11

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S11

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

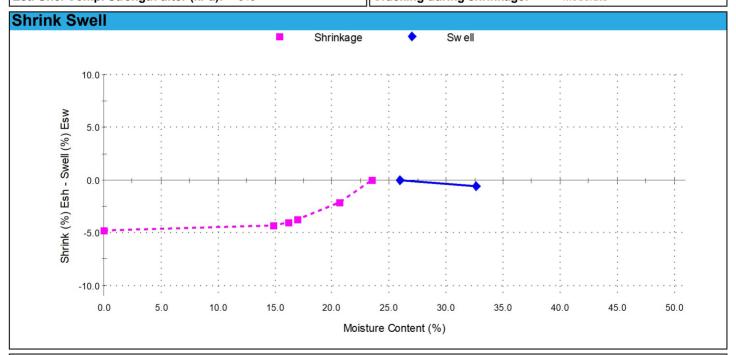
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-16 - (1.0 - 1.25m)

Date Tested: 12/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.6 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.5 25.9 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 430 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.6



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S12

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S12

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

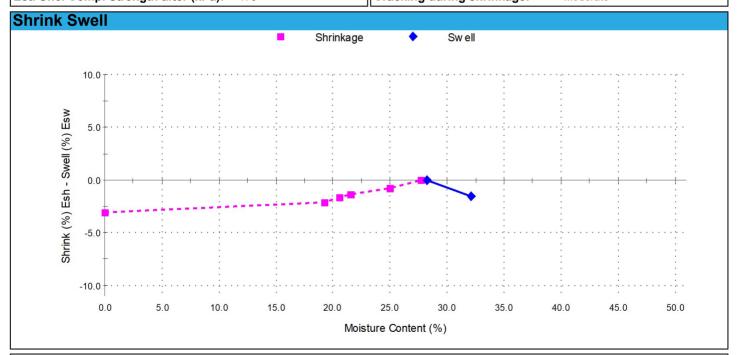
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-17 - (0.5 - 0.68m)

Date Tested: 12/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -1.5 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.7 28.2 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 200 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.7



ACCREDITATION

E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S08 Issue No: 1

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S08

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 12/07/2021

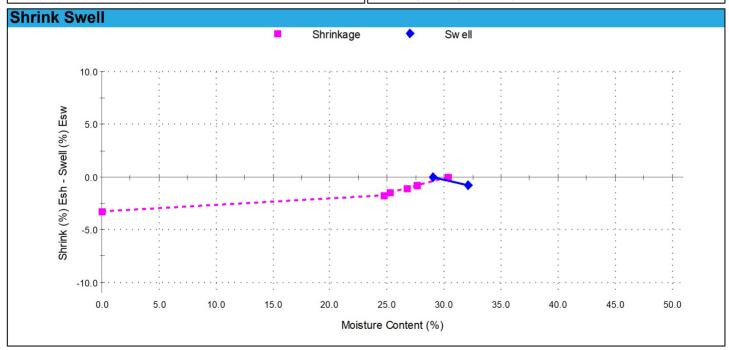
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-18 - (0.5 - 0.7m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.8 3.3 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 30.3 29.0 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 360 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.8



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S14

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 23/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S14

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

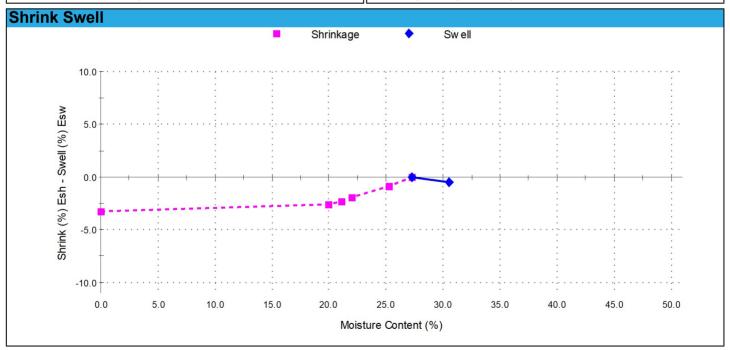
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-21 - (1.0 - 1.15m)

Date Tested: 12/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.5 3.3 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.3 27.3 Moisture Content after (%): 30.5 Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 550 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.8



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3002-S15

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686

Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S15

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 18/06/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 1/07/2021

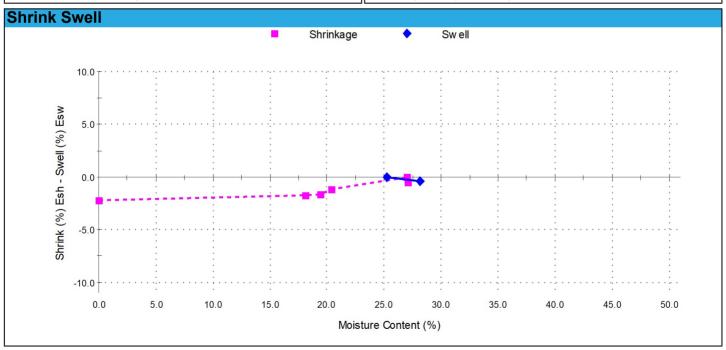
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road. Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-22 - (0.5 - 0.65m)

Date Tested: 12/07/2021

AS 1289.7.1.1 AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell Test **Shrink Test** Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.4 2.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.0 25.2 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 250 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Major



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.2



E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896



Shrink Swell Index Report

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd PO Box 2214 Client:

Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7

Report No: SSI:NEW21W-3119-S10

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 19/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S10

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: CLAY **Date Sampled:** 7/07/2021 Source: **Date Submitted:** 12/07/2021 On-Site Insitu

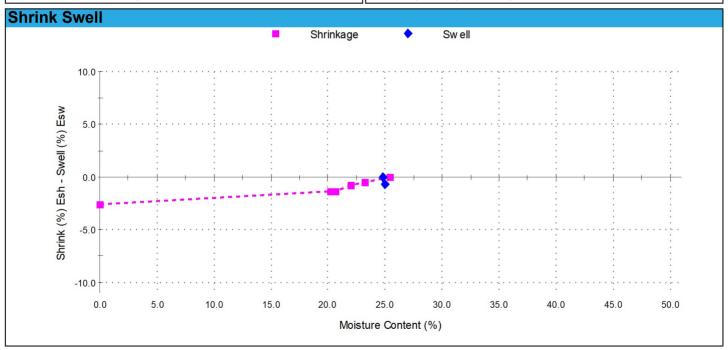
Specification: No Specification

Project Location: 688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie

Sample Location: BH7-23 - (0.5 - 0.7m)

Date Tested: 13/07/2021

Swell Test	AS 1289.7.1.1	Shrink Test	AS 1289.7.1.1
Swell on Saturation (%):	-0.7	Shrink on drying (%):	2.6
Moisture Content before (%):	24.8	Shrinkage Moisture Content (%):	25.4
Moisture Content after (%):	25.0	Est. inert material (%):	1%
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa	: 470	Crumbling during shrinkage:	Nil
Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa):	420	Cracking during shrinkage:	Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.4



02 4960 9775 E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896

Report No: MAT:NEW21W-3119-S03

Issue No: 1



Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/07/2021

21/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S03

The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Date Sampled: 07/07/2021 Source: On-Site Insitu

Material: CLAY

Specification: No Specification

688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie Project Location:

Sample Location: BH7-02 - (1.3 - 1.44m)

lest Results			
Description	Method	Result	Limits
Sample History	AS 1289.1.1	Oven-dried	
Preparation	AS 1289.1.1	Dry Sieved	
Linear Shrinkage (%)	AS 1289.3.4.1	13.0	
Mould Length (mm)		250	
Crumbling		No	
Curling		No	
Cracking		No	
Liquid Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.1.2	56	
Plastic Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.2.1	25	
Plasticity Index (%)	AS 1289.3.3.1	31	

Comments

Date Tested



02 4960 9775 E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896

Report No: MAT:NEW21W-3119-S05

Issue No: 1

Material Test Report

Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 21/07/2021

20/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S05

The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Date Sampled: 07/07/2021 Source: On-Site Insitu

Material: CLAY

Specification: No Specification

688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie Project Location:

Sample Location: BH7-04 - (0.5 - 0.64m)

rest Results			
Description	Method	Result	Limits
Sample History	AS 1289.1.1	Oven-dried	
Preparation	AS 1289.1.1	Dry Sieved	
Linear Shrinkage (%)	AS 1289.3.4.1	9.0	
Mould Length (mm)		250	
Crumbling		No	
Curling		No	
Cracking		Yes	
Liquid Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.1.2	39	
Plastic Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.2.1	18	
Plasticity Index (%)	AS 1289.3.3.1	21	

Comments

Date Tested



02 4960 9775 E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896

Report No: MAT:NEW21W-3119-S09

Issue No: 1



Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Call Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Senior Geotechnician)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/07/2021

21/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3119-S09

The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Date Sampled: 07/07/2021 Source: On-Site Insitu

Material: CLAY

Specification: No Specification

688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie Project Location:

Sample Location: BH7-19 - (1.1 - 1.3m)

l est Results				
Description	Method	Result	Limits	
Sample History	AS 1289.1.1	Oven-dried		
Preparation	AS 1289.1.1	Dry Sieved		
Linear Shrinkage (%)	AS 1289.3.4.1	13.0		
Mould Length (mm)		250		
Crumbling		No		
Curling		No		
Cracking		Yes		
Liquid Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.1.1	58		
Method		Four Point		
Plastic Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.2.1	27		
Plasticity Index (%)	AS 1289.3.3.1	31		
, , ,				

Comments

Date Tested



02 4960 9775 E: admin@qualtest.com.au W: www.qualtest.com.au ABN: 98 153 268 896

Report No: MAT:NEW21W-3002-S13

Issue No: 1



Client: McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW19P-0143B

Project Name: Proposed Subdivision - The Gardens, Stage 7



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Senior Geotechnician) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 21/07/2021

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW21W-3002-S13

The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Date Sampled: 18/06/2021 Source: On-Site Insitu

Material: CLAY

Specification: No Specification

688 - 730 Medowie Road, Medowie Project Location:

Sample Location: BH7-20 - (0.5 - 0.65m)

l est Results			
Description	Method	Result	Limits
Sample History	AS 1289.1.1	Oven-dried	
Preparation	AS 1289.1.1	Dry Sieved	
Linear Shrinkage (%)	AS 1289.3.4.1	13.0	
Mould Length (mm)		217	
Crumbling		No	
Curling		No	
Cracking		Yes	
Liquid Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.1.2	53	
Plastic Limit (%)	AS 1289.3.2.1	29	
Plasticity Index (%)	AS 1289.3.3.1	24	
Date Tested		20/07/2021	

Comments

APPENDIX C:

CSIRO Sheet BTF 18

Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide

Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide



BTF 18 replaces Information Sheet 10/91

Buildings can and often do move. This movement can be up, down, lateral or rotational. The fundamental cause of movement in buildings can usually be related to one or more problems in the foundation soil. It is important for the homeowner to identify the soil type in order to ascertain the measures that should be put in place in order to ensure that problems in the foundation soil can be prevented, thus protecting against building movement.

This Building Technology File is designed to identify causes of soil-related building movement, and to suggest methods of prevention of resultant cracking in buildings.

Soil Types

The types of soils usually present under the topsoil in land zoned for residential buildings can be split into two approximate groups – granular and clay. Quite often, foundation soil is a mixture of both types. The general problems associated with soils having granular content are usually caused by erosion. Clay soils are subject to saturation and swell/shrink problems.

Classifications for a given area can generally be obtained by application to the local authority, but these are sometimes unreliable and if there is doubt, a geotechnical report should be commissioned. As most buildings suffering movement problems are founded on clay soils, there is an emphasis on classification of soils according to the amount of swell and shrinkage they experience with variations of water content. The table below is Table 2.1 from AS 2870, the Residential Slab and Footing Code.

Causes of Movement

Settlement due to construction

There are two types of settlement that occur as a result of construction:

- Immediate settlement occurs when a building is first placed on its foundation soil, as a result of compaction of the soil under the weight of the structure. The cohesive quality of clay soil mitigates against this, but granular (particularly sandy) soil is susceptible.
- Consolidation settlement is a feature of clay soil and may take
 place because of the expulsion of moisture from the soil or because
 of the soil's lack of resistance to local compressive or shear stresses.
 This will usually take place during the first few months after
 construction, but has been known to take many years in
 exceptional cases.

These problems are the province of the builder and should be taken into consideration as part of the preparation of the site for construction. Building Technology File 19 (BTF 19) deals with these problems.

Erosion

All soils are prone to erosion, but sandy soil is particularly susceptible to being washed away. Even clay with a sand component of say 10% or more can suffer from erosion.

Saturation

This is particularly a problem in clay soils. Saturation creates a bog-like suspension of the soil that causes it to lose virtually all of its bearing capacity. To a lesser degree, sand is affected by saturation because saturated sand may undergo a reduction in volume – particularly imported sand fill for bedding and blinding layers. However, this usually occurs as immediate settlement and should normally be the province of the builder.

Seasonal swelling and shrinkage of soil

All clays react to the presence of water by slowly absorbing it, making the soil increase in volume (see table below). The degree of increase varies considerably between different clays, as does the degree of decrease during the subsequent drying out caused by fair weather periods. Because of the low absorption and expulsion rate, this phenomenon will not usually be noticeable unless there are prolonged rainy or dry periods, usually of weeks or months, depending on the land and soil characteristics.

The swelling of soil creates an upward force on the footings of the building, and shrinkage creates subsidence that takes away the support needed by the footing to retain equilibrium.

Shear failure

This phenomenon occurs when the foundation soil does not have sufficient strength to support the weight of the footing. There are two major post-construction causes:

- · Significant load increase.
- Reduction of lateral support of the soil under the footing due to erosion or excavation.
- In clay soil, shear failure can be caused by saturation of the soil adjacent to or under the footing.

GENERAL DEFINITIONS OF SITE CLASSES			
Class	Foundation		
A	Most sand and rock sites with little or no ground movement from moisture changes		
S	Slightly reactive clay sites with only slight ground movement from moisture changes		
M	Moderately reactive clay or silt sites, which can experience moderate ground movement from moisture changes		
Н	Highly reactive clay sites, which can experience high ground movement from moisture changes		
Е	Extremely reactive sites, which can experience extreme ground movement from moisture changes		
A to P	Filled sites		
P	Sites which include soft soils, such as soft clay or silt or loose sands; landslip; mine subsidence; collapsing soils; soils subject to erosion; reactive sites subject to abnormal moisture conditions or sites which cannot be classified otherwise		

Tree root growth

Trees and shrubs that are allowed to grow in the vicinity of footings can cause foundation soil movement in two ways:

- Roots that grow under footings may increase in cross-sectional size, exerting upward pressure on footings.
- Roots in the vicinity of footings will absorb much of the moisture in the foundation soil, causing shrinkage or subsidence.

Unevenness of Movement

The types of ground movement described above usually occur unevenly throughout the building's foundation soil. Settlement due to construction tends to be uneven because of:

- Differing compaction of foundation soil prior to construction.
- Differing moisture content of foundation soil prior to construction.

Movement due to non-construction causes is usually more uneven still. Erosion can undermine a footing that traverses the flow or can create the conditions for shear failure by eroding soil adjacent to a footing that runs in the same direction as the flow.

Saturation of clay foundation soil may occur where subfloor walls create a dam that makes water pond. It can also occur wherever there is a source of water near footings in clay soil. This leads to a severe reduction in the strength of the soil which may create local shear failure.

Seasonal swelling and shrinkage of clay soil affects the perimeter of the building first, then gradually spreads to the interior. The swelling process will usually begin at the uphill extreme of the building, or on the weather side where the land is flat. Swelling gradually reaches the interior soil as absorption continues. Shrinkage usually begins where the sun's heat is greatest.

Effects of Uneven Soil Movement on Structures

Erosion and saturation

Erosion removes the support from under footings, tending to create subsidence of the part of the structure under which it occurs. Brickwork walls will resist the stress created by this removal of support by bridging the gap or cantilevering until the bricks or the mortar bedding fail. Older masonry has little resistance. Evidence of failure varies according to circumstances and symptoms may include:

- Step cracking in the mortar beds in the body of the wall or above/below openings such as doors or windows.
- Vertical cracking in the bricks (usually but not necessarily in line with the vertical beds or perpends).

Isolated piers affected by erosion or saturation of foundations will eventually lose contact with the bearers they support and may tilt or fall over. The floors that have lost this support will become bouncy, sometimes rattling ornaments etc.

Seasonal swelling/shrinkage in clay

Swelling foundation soil due to rainy periods first lifts the most exposed extremities of the footing system, then the remainder of the perimeter footings while gradually permeating inside the building footprint to lift internal footings. This swelling first tends to create a dish effect, because the external footings are pushed higher than the internal ones.

The first noticeable symptom may be that the floor appears slightly dished. This is often accompanied by some doors binding on the floor or the door head, together with some cracking of cornice mitres. In buildings with timber flooring supported by bearers and joists, the floor can be bouncy. Externally there may be visible dishing of the hip or ridge lines.

As the moisture absorption process completes its journey to the innermost areas of the building, the internal footings will rise. If the spread of moisture is roughly even, it may be that the symptoms will temporarily disappear, but it is more likely that swelling will be uneven, creating a difference rather than a disappearance in symptoms. In buildings with timber flooring supported by bearers and joists, the isolated piers will rise more easily than the strip footings or piers under walls, creating noticeable doming of flooring.



As the weather pattern changes and the soil begins to dry out, the external footings will be first affected, beginning with the locations where the sun's effect is strongest. This has the effect of lowering the external footings. The doming is accentuated and cracking reduces or disappears where it occurred because of dishing, but other cracks open up. The roof lines may become convex.

Doming and dishing are also affected by weather in other ways. In areas where warm, wet summers and cooler dry winters prevail, water migration tends to be toward the interior and doming will be accentuated, whereas where summers are dry and winters are cold and wet, migration tends to be toward the exterior and the underlying propensity is toward dishing.

Movement caused by tree roots

In general, growing roots will exert an upward pressure on footings, whereas soil subject to drying because of tree or shrub roots will tend to remove support from under footings by inducing shrinkage.

Complications caused by the structure itself

Most forces that the soil causes to be exerted on structures are vertical – i.e. either up or down. However, because these forces are seldom spread evenly around the footings, and because the building resists uneven movement because of its rigidity, forces are exerted from one part of the building to another. The net result of all these forces is usually rotational. This resultant force often complicates the diagnosis because the visible symptoms do not simply reflect the original cause. A common symptom is binding of doors on the vertical member of the frame.

Effects on full masonry structures

Brickwork will resist cracking where it can. It will attempt to span areas that lose support because of subsided foundations or raised points. It is therefore usual to see cracking at weak points, such as openings for windows or doors.

In the event of construction settlement, cracking will usually remain unchanged after the process of settlement has ceased.

With local shear or erosion, cracking will usually continue to develop until the original cause has been remedied, or until the subsidence has completely neutralised the affected portion of footing and the structure has stabilised on other footings that remain effective.

In the case of swell/shrink effects, the brickwork will in some cases return to its original position after completion of a cycle, however it is more likely that the rotational effect will not be exactly reversed, and it is also usual that brickwork will settle in its new position and will resist the forces trying to return it to its original position. This means that in a case where swelling takes place after construction and cracking occurs, the cracking is likely to at least partly remain after the shrink segment of the cycle is complete. Thus, each time the cycle is repeated, the likelihood is that the cracking will become wider until the sections of brickwork become virtually independent.

With repeated cycles, once the cracking is established, if there is no other complication, it is normal for the incidence of cracking to stabilise, as the building has the articulation it needs to cope with the problem. This is by no means always the case, however, and monitoring of cracks in walls and floors should always be treated seriously.

Upheaval caused by growth of tree roots under footings is not a simple vertical shear stress. There is a tendency for the root to also exert lateral forces that attempt to separate sections of brickwork after initial cracking has occurred.

The normal structural arrangement is that the inner leaf of brickwork in the external walls and at least some of the internal walls (depending on the roof type) comprise the load-bearing structure on which any upper floors, ceilings and the roof are supported. In these cases, it is internally visible cracking that should be the main focus of attention, however there are a few examples of dwellings whose external leaf of masonry plays some supporting role, so this should be checked if there is any doubt. In any case, externally visible cracking is important as a guide to stresses on the structure generally, and it should also be remembered that the external walls must be capable of supporting themselves.

Effects on framed structures

Timber or steel framed buildings are less likely to exhibit cracking due to swell/shrink than masonry buildings because of their flexibility. Also, the doming/dishing effects tend to be lower because of the lighter weight of walls. The main risks to framed buildings are encountered because of the isolated pier footings used under walls. Where erosion or saturation cause a footing to fall away, this can double the span which a wall must bridge. This additional stress can create cracking in wall linings, particularly where there is a weak point in the structure caused by a door or window opening. It is, however, unlikely that framed structures will be so stressed as to suffer serious damage without first exhibiting some or all of the above symptoms for a considerable period. The same warning period should apply in the case of upheaval. It should be noted, however, that where framed buildings are supported by strip footings there is only one leaf of brickwork and therefore the externally visible walls are the supporting structure for the building. In this case, the subfloor masonry walls can be expected to behave as full brickwork walls.

Effects on brick veneer structures

Because the load-bearing structure of a brick veneer building is the frame that makes up the interior leaf of the external walls plus perhaps the internal walls, depending on the type of roof, the building can be expected to behave as a framed structure, except that the external masonry will behave in a similar way to the external leaf of a full masonry structure.

Water Service and Drainage

Where a water service pipe, a sewer or stormwater drainage pipe is in the vicinity of a building, a water leak can cause erosion, swelling or saturation of susceptible soil. Even a minuscule leak can be enough to saturate a clay foundation. A leaking tap near a building can have the same effect. In addition, trenches containing pipes can become watercourses even though backfilled, particularly where broken rubble is used as fill. Water that runs along these trenches can be responsible for serious erosion, interstrata seepage into subfloor areas and saturation.

Pipe leakage and trench water flows also encourage tree and shrub roots to the source of water, complicating and exacerbating the problem.

Poor roof plumbing can result in large volumes of rainwater being concentrated in a small area of soil:

 Incorrect falls in roof guttering may result in overflows, as may gutters blocked with leaves etc.

- Corroded guttering or downpipes can spill water to ground.
- Downpipes not positively connected to a proper stormwater collection system will direct a concentration of water to soil that is directly adjacent to footings, sometimes causing large-scale problems such as erosion, saturation and migration of water under the building.

Seriousness of Cracking

In general, most cracking found in masonry walls is a cosmetic nuisance only and can be kept in repair or even ignored. The table below is a reproduction of Table C1 of AS 2870.

AS 2870 also publishes figures relating to cracking in concrete floors, however because wall cracking will usually reach the critical point significantly earlier than cracking in slabs, this table is not reproduced here.

Prevention/Cure

Plumbing

Where building movement is caused by water service, roof plumbing, sewer or stormwater failure, the remedy is to repair the problem. It is prudent, however, to consider also rerouting pipes away from the building where possible, and relocating taps to positions where any leakage will not direct water to the building vicinity. Even where gully traps are present, there is sometimes sufficient spill to create erosion or saturation, particularly in modern installations using smaller diameter PVC fixtures. Indeed, some gully traps are not situated directly under the taps that are installed to charge them, with the result that water from the tap may enter the backfilled trench that houses the sewer piping. If the trench has been poorly backfilled, the water will either pond or flow along the bottom of the trench. As these trenches usually run alongside the footings and can be at a similar depth, it is not hard to see how any water that is thus directed into a trench can easily affect the foundation's ability to support footings or even gain entry to the subfloor area.

Ground drainage

In all soils there is the capacity for water to travel on the surface and below it. Surface water flows can be established by inspection during and after heavy or prolonged rain. If necessary, a grated drain system connected to the stormwater collection system is usually an easy solution.

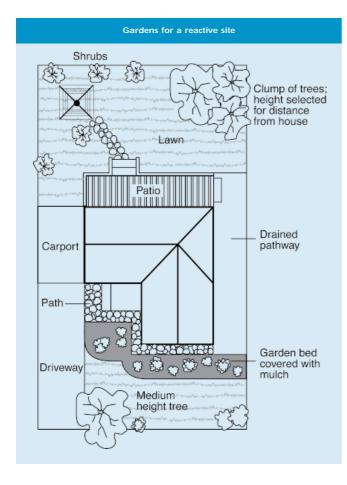
It is, however, sometimes necessary when attempting to prevent water migration that testing be carried out to establish watertable height and subsoil water flows. This subject is referred to in BTF 19 and may properly be regarded as an area for an expert consultant.

Protection of the building perimeter

It is essential to remember that the soil that affects footings extends well beyond the actual building line. Watering of garden plants, shrubs and trees causes some of the most serious water problems.

For this reason, particularly where problems exist or are likely to occur, it is recommended that an apron of paving be installed around as much of the building perimeter as necessary. This paving

CLASSIFICATION OF DAMAGE WITH REFERENCE TO WALLS Description of typical damage and required repair Approximate crack width **Damage** limit (see Note 3) category Hairline cracks <0.1 mm0 Fine cracks which do not need repair 1 <1 mm 2 Cracks noticeable but easily filled. Doors and windows stick slightly <5 mm 3 Cracks can be repaired and possibly a small amount of wall will need 5-15 mm (or a number of cracks to be replaced. Doors and windows stick. Service pipes can fracture. 3 mm or more in one group) Weathertightness often impaired Extensive repair work involving breaking-out and replacing sections of walls, 15-25 mm but also depend 4 especially over doors and windows. Window and door frames distort. Walls lean on number of cracks or bulge noticeably, some loss of bearing in beams. Service pipes disrupted



should extend outwards a minimum of 900 mm (more in highly reactive soil) and should have a minimum fall away from the building of 1:60. The finished paving should be no less than 100 mm below brick vent bases.

It is prudent to relocate drainage pipes away from this paving, if possible, to avoid complications from future leakage. If this is not practical, earthenware pipes should be replaced by PVC and backfilling should be of the same soil type as the surrounding soil and compacted to the same density.

Except in areas where freezing of water is an issue, it is wise to remove taps in the building area and relocate them well away from the building – preferably not uphill from it (see BTF 19).

It may be desirable to install a grated drain at the outside edge of the paving on the uphill side of the building. If subsoil drainage is needed this can be installed under the surface drain.

Condensation

In buildings with a subfloor void such as where bearers and joists support flooring, insufficient ventilation creates ideal conditions for condensation, particularly where there is little clearance between the floor and the ground. Condensation adds to the moisture already present in the subfloor and significantly slows the process of drying out. Installation of an adequate subfloor ventilation system, either natural or mechanical, is desirable.

Warning: Although this Building Technology File deals with cracking in buildings, it should be said that subfloor moisture can result in the development of other problems, notably:

- Water that is transmitted into masonry, metal or timber building elements causes damage and/or decay to those elements.
- High subfloor humidity and moisture content create an ideal environment for various pests, including termites and spiders.
- Where high moisture levels are transmitted to the flooring and walls, an increase in the dust mite count can ensue within the living areas. Dust mites, as well as dampness in general, can be a health hazard to inhabitants, particularly those who are abnormally susceptible to respiratory ailments.

The garden

The ideal vegetation layout is to have lawn or plants that require only light watering immediately adjacent to the drainage or paving edge, then more demanding plants, shrubs and trees spread out in that order

Overwatering due to misuse of automatic watering systems is a common cause of saturation and water migration under footings. If it is necessary to use these systems, it is important to remove garden beds to a completely safe distance from buildings.

Existing trees

Where a tree is causing a problem of soil drying or there is the existence or threat of upheaval of footings, if the offending roots are subsidiary and their removal will not significantly damage the tree, they should be severed and a concrete or metal barrier placed vertically in the soil to prevent future root growth in the direction of the building. If it is not possible to remove the relevant roots without damage to the tree, an application to remove the tree should be made to the local authority. A prudent plan is to transplant likely offenders before they become a problem.

Information on trees, plants and shrubs

State departments overseeing agriculture can give information regarding root patterns, volume of water needed and safe distance from buildings of most species. Botanic gardens are also sources of information. For information on plant roots and drains, see Building Technology File 17.

Excavation

Excavation around footings must be properly engineered. Soil supporting footings can only be safely excavated at an angle that allows the soil under the footing to remain stable. This angle is called the angle of repose (or friction) and varies significantly between soil types and conditions. Removal of soil within the angle of repose will cause subsidence.

Remediation

Where erosion has occurred that has washed away soil adjacent to footings, soil of the same classification should be introduced and compacted to the same density. Where footings have been undermined, augmentation or other specialist work may be required. Remediation of footings and foundations is generally the realm of a specialist consultant.

Where isolated footings rise and fall because of swell/shrink effect, the homeowner may be tempted to alleviate floor bounce by filling the gap that has appeared between the bearer and the pier with blocking. The danger here is that when the next swell segment of the cycle occurs, the extra blocking will push the floor up into an accentuated dome and may also cause local shear failure in the soil. If it is necessary to use blocking, it should be by a pair of fine wedges and monitoring should be carried out fortnightly.

This BTF was prepared by John Lewer FAIB, MIAMA, Partner, Construction Diagnosis.

The information in this and other issues in the series was derived from various sources and was believed to be correct when published.

The information is advisory. It is provided in good faith and not claimed to be an exhaustive treatment of the relevant subject.

Further professional advice needs to be obtained before taking any action based on the information provided.

Distributed by

CSIRO PUBLISHING PO Box 1139, Collingwood 3066, Australia

Freecall 1800 645 051 Tel (03) 9662 7666 Fax (03) 9662 7555 www.publish.csiro.au

Email: publishing.sales@csiro.au

© CSIRO 2003. Unauthorised copying of this Building Technology file is prohibited